American Indian, Alaskan Native and Native Hawaiian Elders

Foster Interagency Collaborations to Support Effective Outreach

(December 17, 2012 historical)
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Administration on Aging
Central Office and Regional Offices

State Units on Aging (56)

Area Agencies on Aging (628)

Local Service Provider Organizations (20,000+)

Tribal Organizations
NH NA (256)

CONSUMERS  CONSUMERS  CONSUMERS
Title VI of the OAA

- The accomplishments of tribal advocacy for American Indian Elders
- Title VI was added in the 1978 amendments to the Older Americans Act
- First 85 programs were funded in 1980
- Title VI funds appropriated in 1981
- Native Hawaiians added to Title VI in the 1991 amendments to the OAA
Title VI of the OAA

• The purpose of Title VI was “to promote the delivery of supportive and nutrition services to American Indians and Alaska Natives that are comparable to services offered to other older people under the Title III program”.

• Congress reminded states that older Indians must be counted as part of the state’s total older population, and thus continued to be eligible for all services.
A Network of Partners and Services

Area Agencies on Aging/Partners
- Senior Centers
- Home Care Agencies
- Aging in Place Community Groups
- Community Health Centers/Health Depts.
- Medicaid/Dual Eligibles (CMS)
- Assisted Living
- Social Security
- HUD Public Housing
- Alzheimer’s Chapters
- Hospital Discharge Planning
- Veteran Affairs
- Adult Protective Services
- Title VI Tribal Organizations
- Hunger Coalitions
- Many Other Partners

Services Available

Core Services
- Information & Referral
- Home Delivered Meals
- Congregate Meals
- Long Term Care Ombudsman
- Legal Assistance

Optional Services
- Adult Day Care
- Respite Care
- Transportation
- Grocery Shopping/Meal Preparation
- Chronic Disease Self-Management
- Personal Care
- Home Health Aide
- Socialization/Senior Centers
- Financial Planning
- Many other services
Title VI Key Services

• Nutrition Services (97%)
• Health Promotion (94%)
• Information and Referral (93%)
• Transportation (90%)
• Health Screenings (81%)
• Family Caregiver Support (74%)
• Home Repair/Maintenance (68%)
• Chore/Homemaker Services (64%)
• Benefits Counseling (60%)
• Medication Management (57%)
• Home Health (53%)
• Care Planning (50%)
Title VI Grantee Funding  
(in addition to Title VI)

- Other Tribal Funding (76%)
- IHS (71%)
- Title III Funding (38%)
- State Funding (other than Title III) (31%)
- Revenue from Gaming (23%)
- Grant Funding (15%)
- Medicaid Waiver (14%)
- Social Services Block Grant (14%)
- Medicaid (13%)
- American Indian Relief Council (4%)
LTC in Tribal Communities

- Tribal
  - Services provided by and funded by the Tribe
  - Services provided by the Tribe but funded by others (AoA, IHS, Medicare, Medicaid, private insurance, HUD)

- Federal
  - Services provided by and funded by the Federal government (IHS)

- State
  - Services provided by and funded by the State (APS, Caregiver Respite)

- Private
  - Services provided by and funded by a private entity
Title VI – Core of Non-Medical LTC

Supportive Services
Information & Assistance
Outreach
Visiting
Transportation
Medical Appointments
Activities
Chronic Disease Management
Health Screenings
CD Self-Management Classes
Housing
Maintenance & Repair
Skilled Nursing Care
Visiting
Congregate Meals
Family Support
Caregiver Support
Respite
Nutrition Services
Congregate Meals
Home Delivered Meals
Nutrition Screening
In-home Care
Chore
Personal Care
Wood Chopping
CULTIVELY COMPETENT STAFF
CULTURALLY APPROPRIATE SERVICES
Health Promotion/Wellness
Physical Activity Programs
Falls Prevention Programs
Mental Health Programs
Assisted Living/Adult Day Care
Visiting
Congregate Meals
End of Life Care
Visiting
Cultural Observances
Partnerships

- IHS (89%)
- Health Care Providers (84%)
- Tribal, State, Local Health Departments (75%)
- Public Housing Authority (75%)
- Adult Protective Services (73%)
- Other Federal Agencies (VA, DOT, ANA, USDA) (70%)
2010

- 113,427 clients
- 4,731,854 meals
- 855,187 units of transportation
- 7,736 caregiver clients
- 89,746 units of respite care